

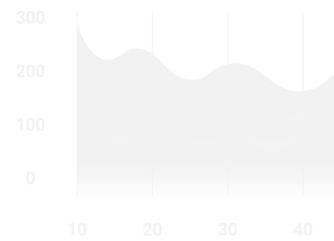
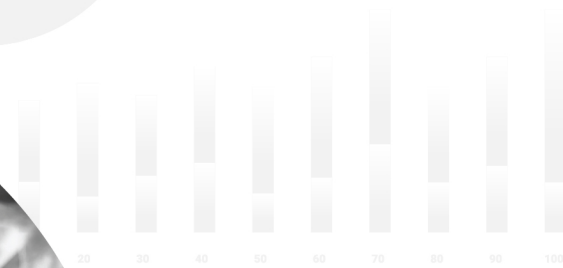


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SMART. CUTTING

Smart Cutting System brings RE100 Fast!

Digital Transformation
by Advanced Machining Solutions

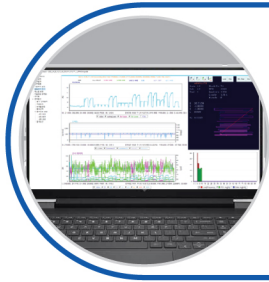


Edge Device

Data acquisition from
machine tools and sensors
by OT and IoT modules

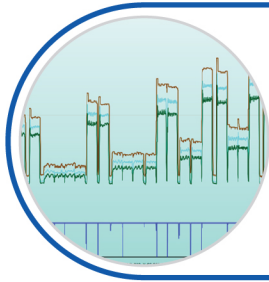
Monitoring Data Acquisition

Create synchronized machine history data
Automatic feedrate control
Tool state detection



Data Analysis

Analyze machine history data
Diagnosis cutting conditions
Calculate efficient of NC data

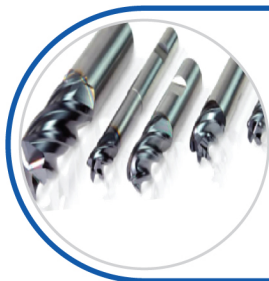


Reference Data

Reference load control curve
Automatic feedrate control
Tool wear and breakage detection

On-Machine CNC Control

Feedrate and spindle
speed control



Tool Life Management

Tool wear, breakage and collision
design tool geometry

Digital Transformation Digital Twin



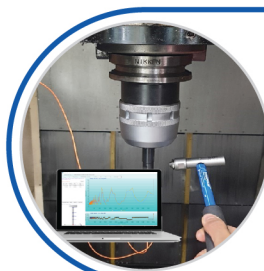
Smart Cutting
brings RE



in CNC Machining n Platform



ing System
100 Fast!

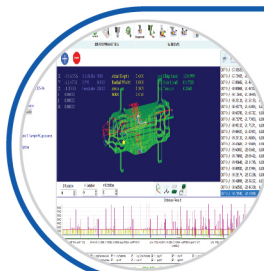
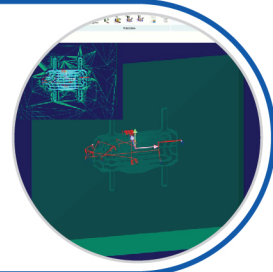


Machine Tool Dynamics

Measure and analyze
machine tool dynamics
CutPro Engine

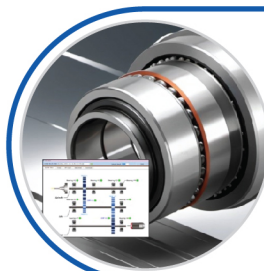
Cutting Simulation

Predict cutting physics
MachPro Engine



Optimization

NC program optimization
MachPro Engine

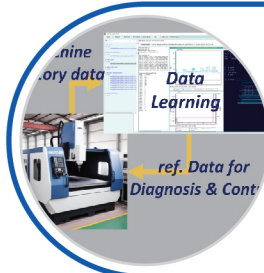


Condition-Based Monitoring System

Analyze defect frequency of the
spindle bearings and gears
predict spindle maintenance

Smart Monitoring

Total management of all
edge device installed in
machine shop.



Data Learning

Increase precision of
control/diagnosis
Optimize parameters
and reference data

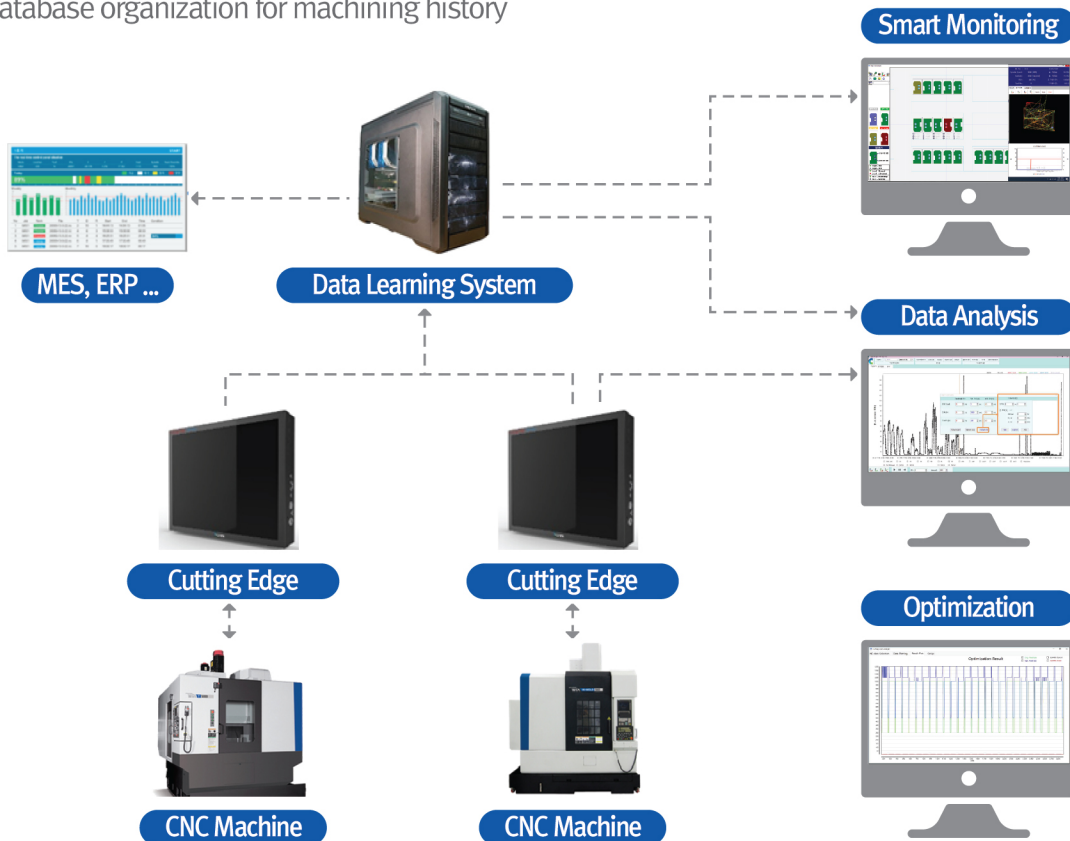
What is Smart Cutting ?

Smart Cutting (SC) supports the advanced digital transformation of CNC machining for the innovative manufacturing. Cutting operations are monitored and controlled during on-machine and post-machining processes. The main areas of SC are as follows.

- Data acquisition from machine tools and sensors by IoT modules
- Analysis by data learning
- Diagnosis abnormal cutting
- Optimizing cutting conditions

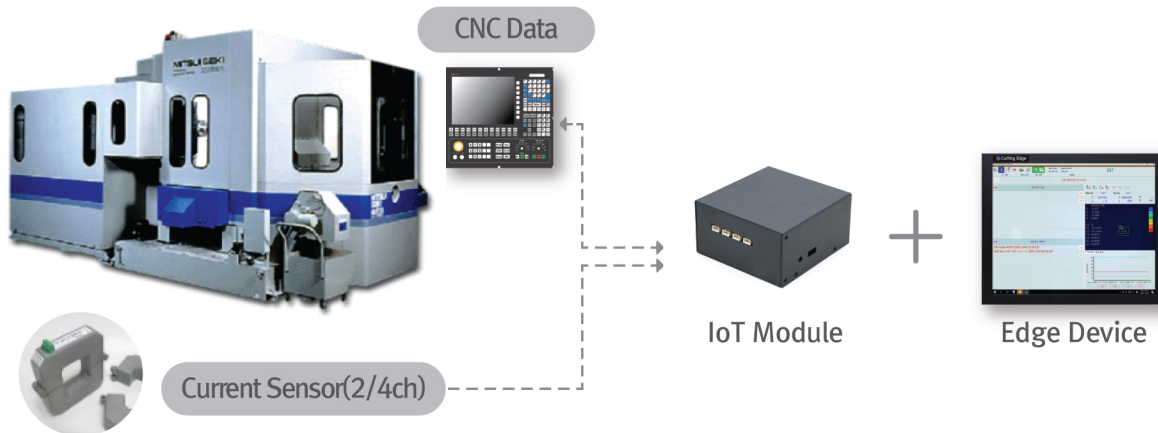
SC systems have been successfully adapted to many CNC machining centers, increasing the productivity and quality. The main functions of SC are as follows.

- Tool wear/breakage detection and automatic tool change
- Automatic feedrate control for cutting load optimization
- Automatic spindle speed control for chatter removal
- Supporting data interchange with PoP, MES, and ERP
- Database organization for machining history



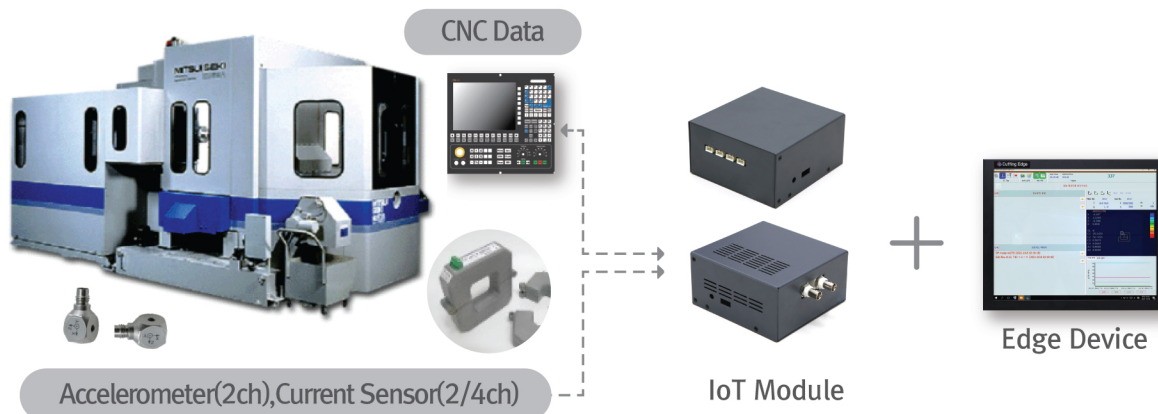
Edge Device

■ Cutting Edge(Advance2/4)



- On-maching monitoring and the synchronization of CNC and sensory information
 - cutting load, feed rate, spindle speed, tool position, signal processing data
- Automatic feedrate control: adaptive feed control using the cutting load
- Tool wear and breakage detection

■ Cutting Edge(Premium2/4)



- On-maching monitoring and the synchronization of CNC and sensory information
 - cutting load, feedrate, spindle speed, tool position, signal processing data
- Automatic feedrate control: adaptive feed control using the cutting load
- Automatic spindle speed control: chatter detection and removal
- Tool wear and breakage detection: available for tiny tools under $1\phi \sim 0.1\phi$

Data Learning

■ Usage of RLCC data

- Area (A) → decrease the feed rate → avoid overloading and improve the surface quality
- Area (B) → increase the feed rate → reduce machining time and improve productivity
- Reference load control curve (RLCC) effect: machining time reduced by 11.5%, cutting load reduced by 38.2% with 12.2% improved feed rate

Material

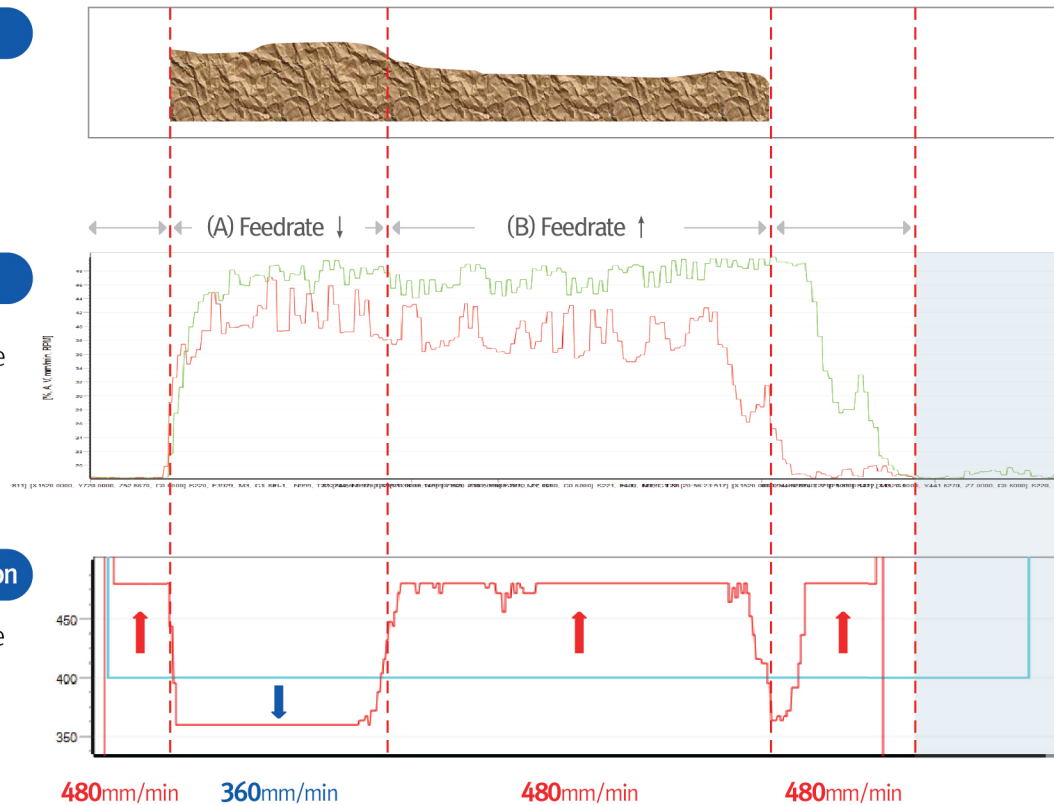
Casting Material
(Irregular Shape)

Load Comparison

— Org. NC-code
— 3rd RLCC

Feedrate Comparison

— Org. NC-code
— 3rd RLCC

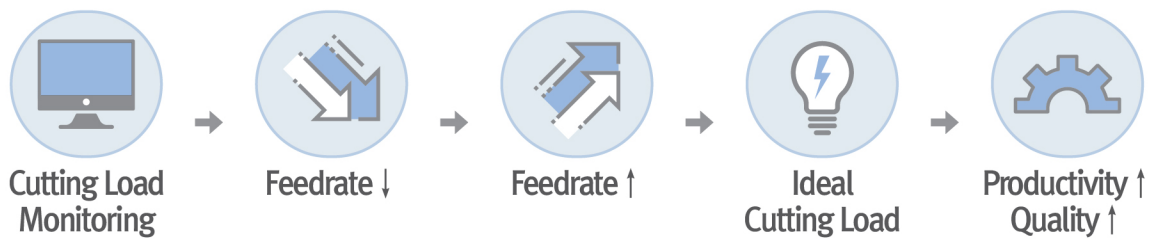


Effect

	Tact Time (time)	Avg. Feedrate (mm/min)	Avg. Cutting Load (A)
Org. NC-code	19m 45s	400	29.99
1st RLCC	19m 32s -1.1% ↓	400.77 0.2% ↑	28.63 -4.5% ↓
2nd RLCC	18m 18s -6.3% ↓	429.66 7.2% ↑	22.56 -21.2% ↓
3rd RLCC	17m 30s -11.5% ↓	448.78 12.2% ↑	18.55 -38.2% ↓

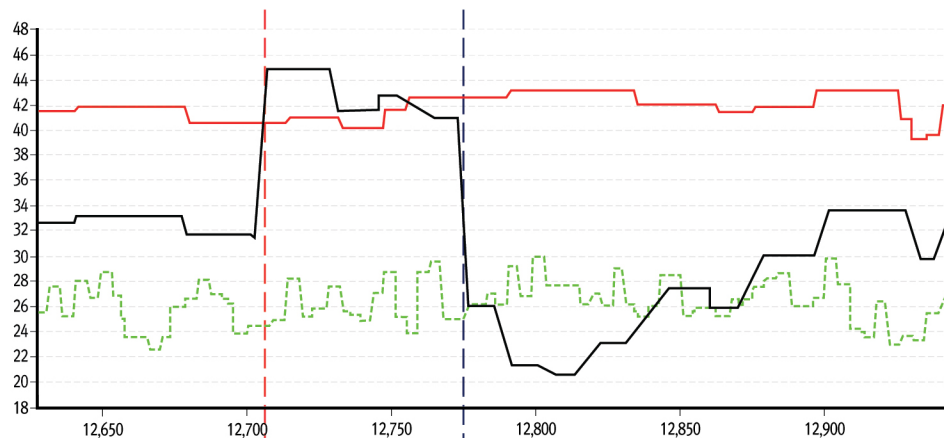
■ Feedrate Optimization

- Reference load control curve (RLCC) generation
 - Step 1. From pre-machining history data
 - Step 2. Based on the tool trajectory
 - Step 3. Analyse the pre- and post-machining load
 - Step 4. Enwrap the attribute data
 - Step 5. Control the feed rate to place the cutting load between the upper & lower limit curves



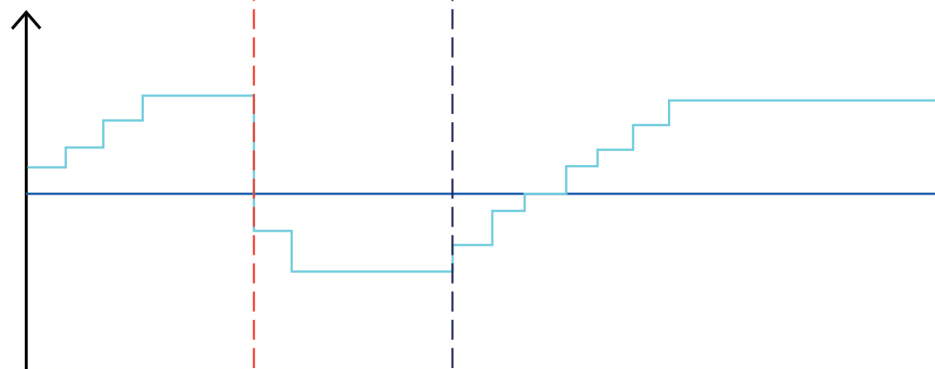
Cutting Load

- Upper Limit
- Lower Limit
- Actual load



Feedrate

- Command Feed
- Adaptive feed



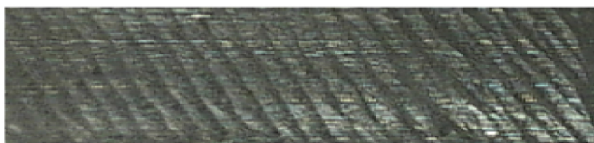
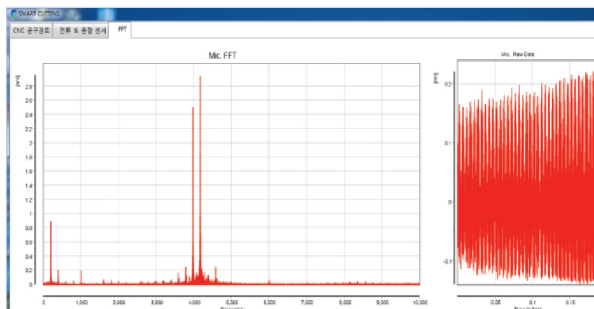
■ Chatter Detection and Removal

- Tool chatter can be detected by acoustic and vibration sensors during the cutting process, being removed by changing the spindle speed.
- The Edge device with adaptive spindle speed control monitors machine tool vibration and detects tool chatter. If chatter occurs, the Edge device calculates the chatter-free RPM to change the spindle speed. Finally, eliminating chatter improves surface finish.

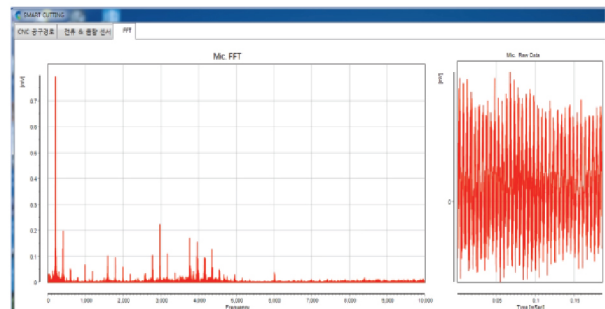


Unstable Cutting	Stable Cutting
Chatter	No Chatter
6,000 RPM	5,936 RPM

Unstable Cutting



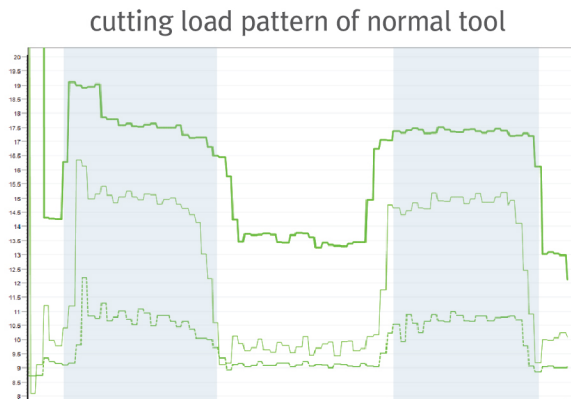
Stable Cutting



■ Tool Breakage Detection

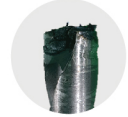
- In mass production or small batch production, the cutting load shows almost the same pattern. The Edge device identifies the cutting load pattern and alarms if the cutting load deviates from the normal pattern.

Cutting load of normal tool

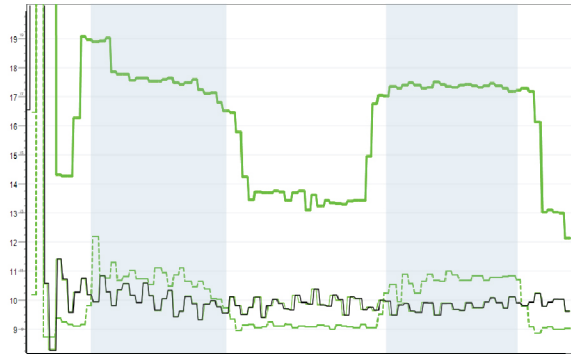


— cutting load — upper limit - - - lower limit

Abnormal cutting load when tool is broken



cutting load pattern of broken tool

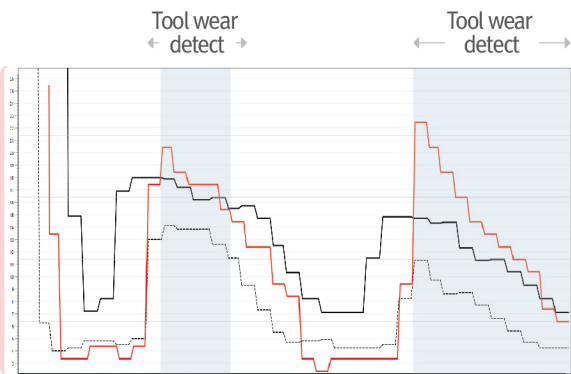
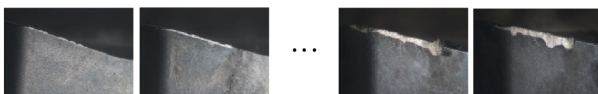
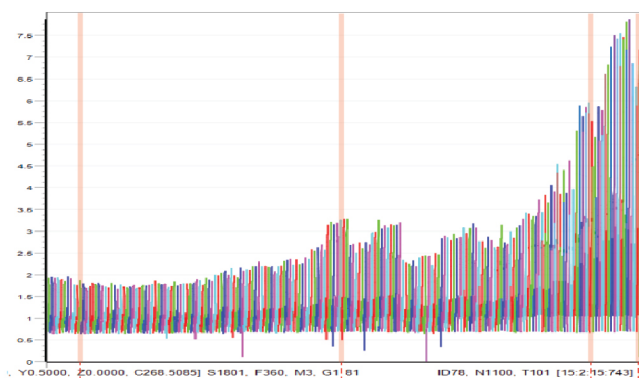


— cutting load — upper limit - - - lower limit

■ Tool Wear Diagnosis

- The tool breakage detection process is used to detect tool wear.
- Long-term patterns and the full range of cutting loads can be analysed.
- The Edge device monitors tool life, alarming tool change time.

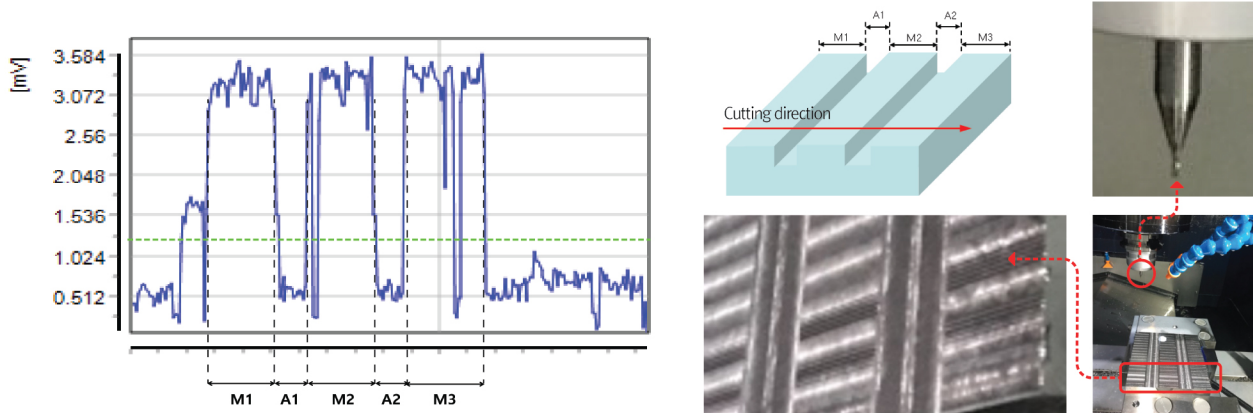
Cutting load pattern as to tool wear



— cutting load of worn Tool — upper limit - - - lower limit

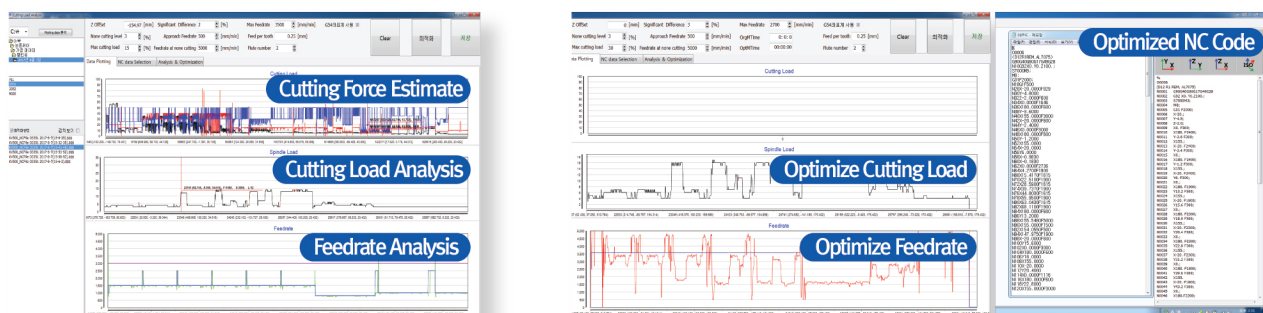
Tiny-tool Breakage Detection

- The breakage of tiny tool under 1ϕ can be detected by the vibration sensor. Threshold level is calculated after signal processing. When tool breakage is detected, the feed hold function is working and current tool position is stored for re-engagement.



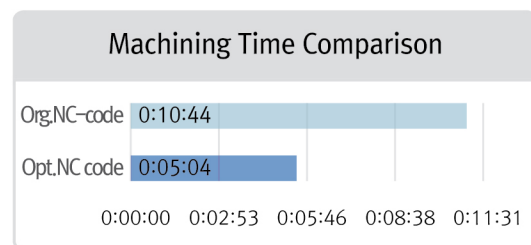
NC-code Optimization

- Machining History (MH) data stored in the Edge device is used to optimise the NC code. Edge data includes cutting load and tool vibration information according to the tool path. NC codes are optimised by comparing the MH data with the original NC block data.

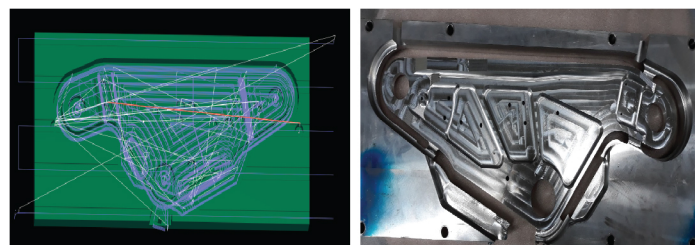


Machining history analysis

NC code optimization



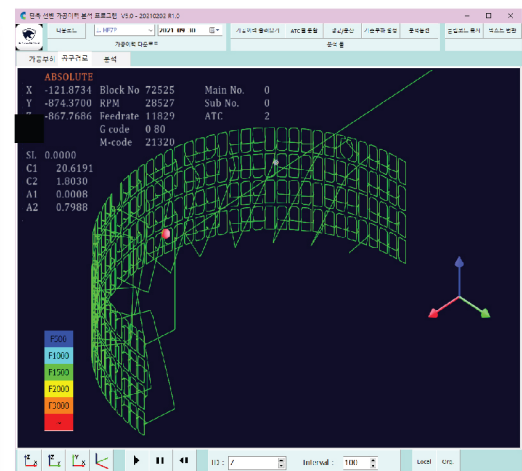
Reduction machining time



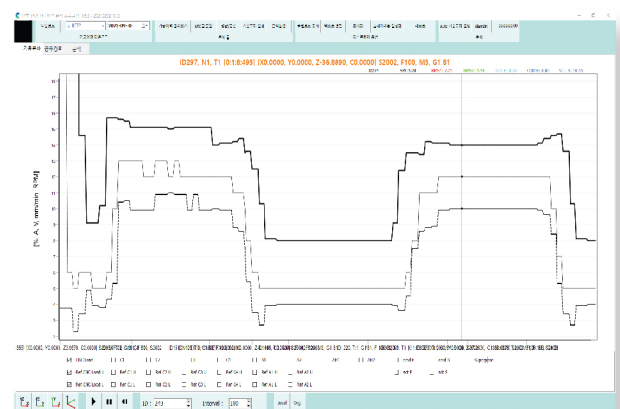
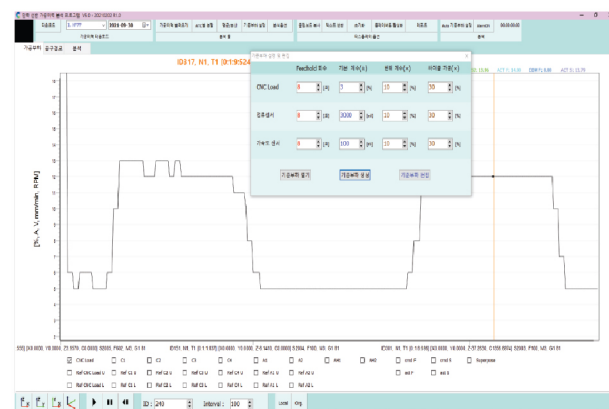
Cutting application

MH Data Analysis

- Verify the cutting condition
- Identify cutting loads from tool wear
- Conduct tool life management
- Optimise the NC code
- Create reference load control curves (RLCCs) for adaptive control
- and more: statistical analysis, check the whole machining condition and error factors



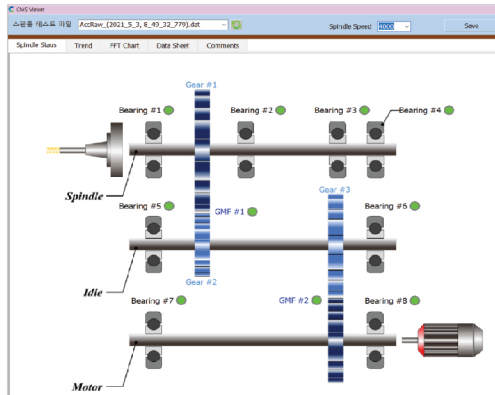
MH Data Analysis



RLCC Generation

Spindle Monitoring

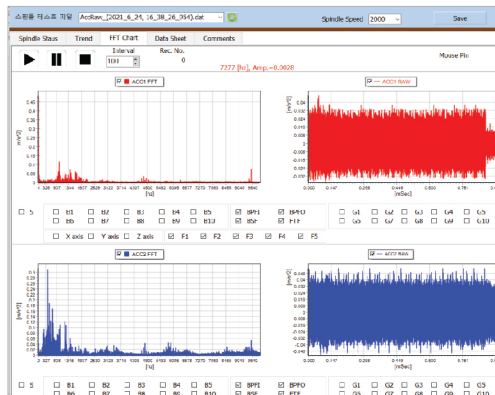
- A predictive maintenance function of the Edge device monitors the spindle by analysing the defect frequency of the spindle bearings and gears.



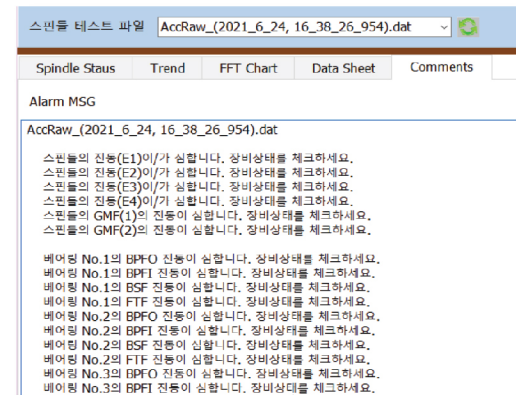
Spindle Model



Defect Frequency Analysis



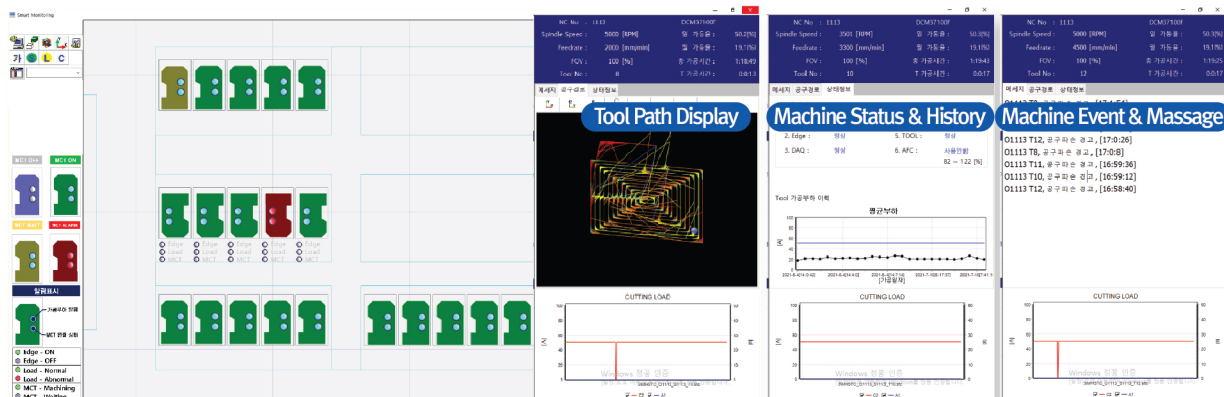
Acquisition Raw Data



Spindle Diagnosis Result

Machining Floor Monitoring

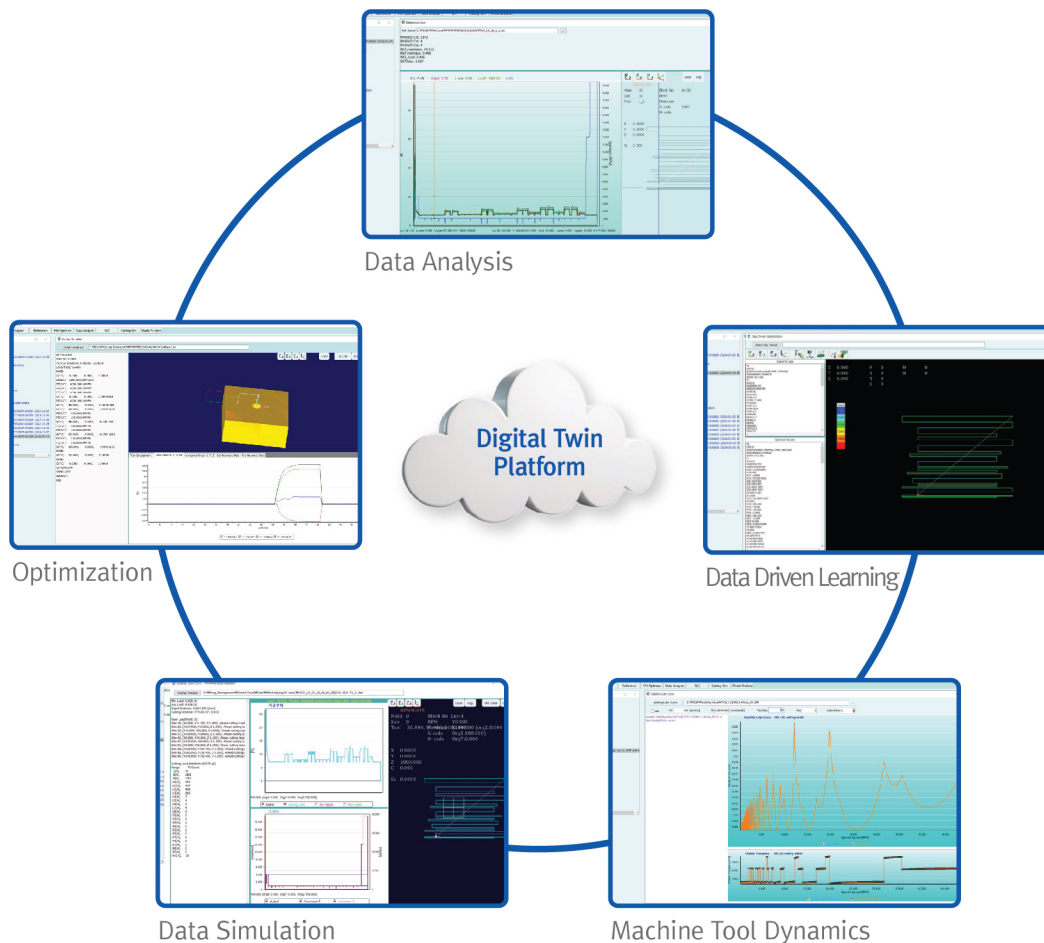
- Individual Edge device for a product line sends online data to a data server, providing information for the digital twin of CNC machining floors, such as simultaneous monitoring of machine tool status and machining information.



Digital Twin Platform

■ Provide application based on smart cutting data and digital twin

Function	Effect
Machine history data analysis linked to smart cutting	Improve the machining by analyzing data
Analysis of machine tool dynamics	Optimized cutting conditions
Data learning	Improve the reference data and parameters
Cutting simulation	Predict cutting physics
Optimization	Optimized NC program



Product Line

■ Cutting Edge

Functions	Cutting Edge Advance2	Cutting Edge Advance4	Cutting Edge Premium2	Cutting Edge Premium4
Real time monitoring	●	●	●	●
Multi-spindle monitoring		●		●
Adaptive feed control	●	●	●	●
Chatter detection and removal			●	●
Tool breakage detection	●	●	●	●
Tool wear detection by learning	●	●	●	●
Tiny-tool breakage detection			●	●
IoT module	ADC(1)	ADC(1)	ADC(1), DAQ(1)	ADC(1), DAQ(1)
IoT sensor	current sensor(2 ch)	current sensor(4 ch)	current sensor(2 ch) accelerometer(2 ch)	current sensor(4 ch) accelerometer(2 ch)

■ Software

Functions	Learning System		Data-Based Module		
	Lite	Premium	Optimization	Data Analysis /RLCC	Smart Monitoring
PoP	●	●			
Edge management	●	●			
Process monitoring	●	●			●
NC-code optimization			●		
MH analysis/ RLCC data generation		●		●	
Spindle analysis		●			
Learning of RLCCs		●			

Clients

 LG전자	 DN SOLUTIONS	 KORLOY
 MOTTROL	 ILJIN	 SUNGRIM ENGINEERING
 HYUN JIN 주식회사 현진정공	 phc Valeo 브이피에이치메탈	 BK
 K2tech 케이투테크	 iDG 주식회사아이지	 (주)우남기공 WONAMGIGGING CO., LTD.
 GSM Global Standard Make	 한국폴리텍대학 전북캠퍼스	 SMIC
 KERI	 KITECH 한국생산기술연구원	
 LG전자 LG ELECTRONICS TIANJIN APPLIANCES.CO.LTD	 MAL. anufacturing Laboratories	 seiOTec digital change
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“Innovative Manufacturing with Edge Data”